



FEATURES OF NON-COMMON VOCABULARY OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE

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Abstract

This thesis explores the features of non-common vocabulary in the English language, focusing on words and phrases that are less frequently used or unfamiliar to native speakers. By analyzing the linguistic characteristics and usage patterns of these words, the study aims to shed light on their significance in communication and language comprehension. Through a combination of theoretical analysis and empirical research, the thesis seeks to enhance our understanding of the diverse range of vocabulary in English and its impact on language proficiency. Ultimately, this research contributes to the broader field of linguistics by highlighting the importance of non-common vocabulary in shaping language diversity and complexity.

Introduction

The English language is a rich and diverse linguistic system that has evolved over centuries, incorporating words and phrases from various sources and cultures. While many words in English are commonly used and understood by speakers worldwide, there exists a subset of vocabulary that is considered non-common or less frequently used. These words often have unique features that set them apart from more mainstream vocabulary.

The non-common vocabulary of the English language encompasses a wide range of words and phrases that are not frequently used in everyday communication. These features often include archaic terms, technical jargon,



regional dialects, and specialized terminology. The study of non-common vocabulary provides valuable insights into the diversity and richness of the English language, as well as the historical, cultural, and social factors that have shaped its evolution. By examining these unique linguistic elements, researchers can gain a deeper understanding of the complexity and versatility of English as a global language.

1. Idioms and colloquial expressions: These are phrases or expressions that are unique to a particular region or culture, and may not be easily understood by speakers of other dialects or languages. Examples include "kick the bucket" (to die) or "bless your heart" (a polite way of saying someone is foolish).

2. Slang: Slang words and phrases are informal, often humorous, and constantly evolving. They can vary greatly between different communities and age groups. Examples include "lit" (exciting or excellent) or "on fleek" (on point or perfectly styled).

3. Jargon: Jargon refers to specialized vocabulary used within a particular industry, profession, or interest group. It can be difficult for outsiders to understand without specific knowledge of the field. Examples include "SEO" (search engine optimization) or "ROI" (return on investment).

4. Archaic language: Some words and phrases have fallen out of common usage over time but may still appear in literature, historical documents, or legal texts. Examples include "thou" (you, in old English) or "henceforth" (from this point forward).

5. Regional dialects: English is spoken in many countries around the world, and each region has its own unique vocabulary, pronunciation, and grammar rules. For example, British English uses terms like "lorry" (truck) and "lift" (elevator), while American English uses "truck" and "elevator."



6. Neologisms: Neologisms are newly coined words or phrases that have not yet been widely accepted into the mainstream language. They are often created to describe emerging technologies, trends, or cultural phenomena. Examples include "selfie" (a self-portrait photograph taken with a smartphone) or "twerk" (a type of dance move).

Literature review

The features of non-common vocabulary in the English language play a crucial role in shaping the richness and diversity of the language. This literature review aims to explore the various characteristics of non-common vocabulary, including its origins, usage, and impact on communication.

One key feature of non-common vocabulary is its diverse origins. Non-common vocabulary often includes words and phrases borrowed from other languages, such as Latin, Greek, French, and Spanish. These borrowed words add depth and complexity to the English language, allowing speakers to express nuanced ideas and concepts that may not have direct equivalents in English.

1. Nesh (adjective)

Pronunciation: nesh

Definition: (of a person) weak and delicate, in particular in being susceptible to cold weather

Origin: Old English

Sentence example: I'm wearing a few extra layers today because I can be quite nesh.

2. Flahoolick (adjective)

Pronunciation: fla-HOO-lik



Definition: free with money, generous, an exuberant spender

Origin: Irish Gaelic

Sentence example: The flahoolick parent offered to buy every student in his daughter's class a pair of branded sneakers.

3. Floccinaucinihilipilification (noun)

Pronunciation: FLOK-si-NO-si-NY-HIL-i-PIL-i-fi-KAY-shuhn

Definition: the action or habit of estimating something as worthless

Origin: Latin

Sentence example: We managed to get this house at a great price because of the previous owner's floccinaucinihilipilification of its actual value.

4. Loquacious (adjective)

Pronunciation: luh·kway·shuhs

Definition: tending to talk a great deal; talkative

Origin: Latin

Sentence example: The loquacious student talked for more than ten minutes after the teacher asked him a question

Additionally, non-common vocabulary can also consist of technical terms and jargon specific to certain fields or industries. For example, terms like "algorithm," "quantum physics," and "genetic engineering" are considered non-common vocabulary for individuals outside of the scientific community. These specialized terms serve as a shorthand for experts in their respective fields, enabling efficient communication within specific domains.



Results

The results of this thesis study on the features of non-common vocabulary in the English language revealed several key findings. Firstly, it was found that non-common vocabulary often consists of words that are more specialized or technical in nature, and may not be commonly used in everyday conversation. These words are typically found in specific fields or disciplines, such as medicine, law, or science.

Additionally, the study found that non-common vocabulary can also include archaic or obsolete words that are no longer commonly used in modern English. These words may be found in literature, historical texts, or other sources that reflect older forms of the language.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the features of non-common vocabulary in the English language play a significant role in enriching the language and reflecting the diverse cultural and historical influences on English. Through the incorporation of loanwords, neologisms, and technical jargon, the English language continues to evolve and adapt to the changing needs of its speakers. These unique words and phrases add depth and nuance to communication, allowing for more precise and nuanced expression. Additionally, the study of non-common vocabulary provides valuable insights into the social, political, and technological developments that shape language usage. Overall, the exploration of non-common vocabulary in English highlights the dynamic and ever-changing nature of language, showcasing its ability to reflect and respond to the complexities of human experience.

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