

LATEST NEOLOGISMS IN UZBEK LANGUAGE IN TEACHING

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Annotatsiya: Oʻqitishda oʻzbek tilidagi soʻnggi neologizmlar haqida gapirganda, avvalo, neologizm tushunchasining oʻzi nimani anglatishini tushunish muhimdir. Neologizm – bu tilga yangi kirib kelgan yoki yangi yaratilgan soʻz yoki ifoda boʻlib, u tilning rivojlanishi jarayonida paydo boʻladi. Ular koʻpincha yangi texnologiyalar, ijtimoiy oʻzgarishlar, ilm-fan va madaniyat sohalaridagi yangiliklarga javoban yuzaga keladi. Ta'lim sohasida ham bu jarayon aniq namoyon boʻladi, chunki ta'lim tizimi doimiy ravishda oʻzgarib, yangilanib boradi. Shuning uchun ham oʻqitishda ishlatiladigan til doimiy ravishda boyib, yangi soʻzlar, atamalar bilan toʻldiriladi.

Kalit soʻzlar: til, ta'lim, yangi pedagogik texnologiyalar, atamalar, ilm-fan, elektron kitoblar, darsliklar, yangiliklar, texnologiyalar.

Аннотация: Говоря о новейших неологизмах в узбекском языке в сфере образования, важно, прежде всего, понять, что означает само понятие неологизма. Неологизм – это недавно вошедшее в язык или созданное в процессе развития языка слово или выражение. Они часто возникают в ответ на новые технологии, социальные изменения, инновации в науке и культуре. Этот процесс также ярко проявляется в сфере образования, поскольку система образования постоянно меняется и обновляется. Поэтому язык, используемый в образовании, постоянно обогащается и пополняется новыми словами и терминами.





Ключевые слова: язык, образование, новые педагогические технологии, термины, наука, электронные книги, учебники, новости, технологии.

Abstract: When talking about the latest neologisms in the Uzbek language in education, it is important, first of all, to understand what the concept of neologism itself means. A neologism is a word or expression that has recently entered the language or has been created, which appears in the process of language development. They often arise in response to new technologies, social changes, innovations in science and culture. This process is also clearly manifested in the field of education, because the education system is constantly changing and updating. Therefore, the language used in education is constantly enriched and replenished with new words and terms.

Keywords: language, education, new pedagogical technologies, terms, science, electronic books, textbooks, news, technologies.

INTRODUCTION

The neologisms used in the educational process today come mainly from two main sources: the first, new concepts that arose as a result of international scientific and technological progress, and the second, innovations and new approaches that arose in the pedagogical process. For example, the term" online education " arose with the penetration of the internet and digital technologies into the educational sphere. The term refers to the remote implementation of a learning process outside of a traditional school or university. At the same time, words such as "e-textbook", "virtual classroom", and "video conference" are also new terms widely used in teaching.



MATERIALS AND METHODS

Neologisms associated with technological progress often appear in Uzbek as improvised forms of loanwords from English. For example, while the term" feedback "is translated as" feedback "by many teachers, it is often also used in Uzbek in the form of" feedback". It refers to the grades and opinions given by students or students to the teacher. The word "motivation" is also used in the learning process to increase students' interest in learning. These terms represent a new stage of psychological and pedagogical approaches in the educational process. New pedagogical approaches are also bringing new words and concepts in Uzbek. For example, a" differential approach " refers to education taking into account the individual abilities, needs and capabilities of students. This approach takes into account the specifics of students and helps to make their learning process effective. The term "metacognition" refers to the ability to understand and control one's own thinking process, which allows students to better understand and control their own learning processes. [1]

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

Among other important neologisms used in the educational process, the concept of "critical thinking" occupies a special place. It refers to teaching students the ability to analyze, evaluate, and form their own opinion, and not just accept information. One of the main goals of education today is also this – the formation of independent thinking and problem-solving skills in students. Therefore, the term "critical thinking" has become widespread in the Uzbek language and is taking an important place in teaching. In modern education, the concept of blended learning or mixed learning is also widely used. This approach involves combining traditional lessons and online learning. While not yet fully translated in Uzbek, the concept is referred to as "mixed education" in many educational institutions. This method allows students to have more flexibility and use different forms of



Education. At the same time, a new approach called "gamification" - the inclusion of game elements in the educational process to increase students' interest in lessons - has also entered the Uzbek language.[2]

Neologisms related to digital technology are also important in the educational process. The concept of" Digital literacy "or" digital literacy " means teaching students how to use information technology effectively. It is also widely spoken in Uzbek and has become an integral part of educational programs. Also, such concepts as" e – portfolio " – a system for storing a student's own work, projects and results in digital form," MOOC " (massive open online course) - online courses open to the general public are actively used in Uzbek. In the pedagogical process, new neologisms also serve to improve communication between teachers and students. For example," peer feedback " is peer – to-peer feedback, a technique that allows students to strengthen their knowledge by helping and mutually evaluating each other. "Scaffolding" is a way to gradually increase the learner's knowledge, a method that helps students gradually acquire new knowledge. "Flipped classroom", the reverse conversion of the traditional lesson method, which is to study the teaching material at home and practice in the lesson, is also increasingly used in Uzbek.[3]

The widespread use of new neologisms in education increases the richness of our language, modernizes it and adapts it to international education systems. At the same time, the correct use and intelligibility of these words increases the effectiveness of the educational process. It is an important task for teachers and Methodists to learn new words, apply them correctly in classes and explain them to students. This, in turn, helps to provide the younger generation with modern knowledge, to educate them to be competitive on a global scale. Recent neologisms in the Uzbek language are an important factor in the development of the educational system, through which new pedagogical approaches and technologies are



introduced. These neologisms serve not only to improve the quality of the educational process, but also to make the learning process of students interesting and effective. Therefore, the study and effective use of neologisms is important in improving the professional skills of each teacher.[4]

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, in teaching, the latest neologisms in Uzbek play an important role in the expression of new concepts, methods and technologies that meet the modern requirements of the educational process. They serve to improve the quality of Education, stimulate the interest of students and form independent thinking skills. At the same time, neologisms contribute to the development of our language, adapt it to international education systems and further enrich the national education system. Therefore, it is necessary for teachers and specialists in the field of education to study new neologisms and pay special attention to their correct application in practice. This, in turn, helps to provide the younger generation with modern knowledge and make them successful in the future.

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