

**THEME: COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF THE POLITICAL SYSTEMS OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM AND UZBEKISTAN**

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Abstract

This article analyzes the political systems of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Uzbekistan from both historical and functional perspectives. It compares the structures of government, legislative institutions, electoral systems, and political parties in both countries. The study highlights the similarities and distinctive features of each system and provides useful insights for students, researchers, and political analysts.

Abstrakt

Ushbu maqolada Buyuk Britaniya va O'zbekiston Respublikasi siyosiy tizimlari tarixiy va amaliy jihatdan tahlil qilinadi. Davlat boshqaruvi, qonun chiqaruvchi organlar, saylov tizimlari va siyosiy partiyalar o'rtasidagi o'xshashliklar hamda farqlar yoritiladi. Tadqiqot siyosatshunoslar, talabalar va tadqiqotchilar uchun muhim nazariy manba hisoblanadi.

Абстракт

В данной статье проводится анализ политических систем Великобритании и Республики Узбекистан с исторической и функциональной точек зрения. Сравниваются структуры управления, законодательные органы, избирательные системы и политические партии. Исследование подчеркивает сходства и отличительные особенности каждой системы и полезно для студентов, исследователей и политологов.

Keywords: Political system, parliament, election, president, monarchy, political party.

Kalit so'zlar: Siyosiy tizim, parlament, saylov, prezident, monarxiya, siyosiy partiya.

Ключевая слова: Политическая система, парламент, выборы, президент, монархия, политическая партия.

Introduction:

The formation of a political system in any country is influenced by its historical path, cultural values, and political awareness of its people. The United Kingdom is a constitutional monarchy with centuries of tradition, while Uzbekistan, after gaining independence in 1991, adopted a presidential republic suited to its national

development. This paper explores the key aspects of both systems and compares them in terms of government structure, legislative processes, and political engagement.

Kirish:

Har bir mamlakatning siyosiy tizimi uning tarixiy yo'li, madaniy qadriyatlari va fuqarolarining siyosiy ongi bilan chambarchas bog'liq. Buyuk Britaniya konstitutsiyaviy monarxiya bo'lib, ko'p asrlik tajribaga ega. O'zbekiston esa 1991-yil mustaqillikka erishganidan so'ng, o'z taraqqiyot yo'liga mos prezidentlik respublikasini tanladi. Ushbu maqola har ikkala tizimning asosiy xususiyatlarini tahlil qilib, ular o'rtasida qiyosiy tahlil olib boradi.

Введение:

Политическая система каждой страны формируется под влиянием её исторического пути, культурных ценностей и уровня политической осведомленности граждан. Великобритания — это конституционная монархия с многовековой традицией. Узбекистан, став независимым в 1991 году, выбрал президентскую республику, соответствующую национальному курсу развития. В данной статье анализируются основные аспекты обеих систем и проводится их сравнительный анализ.

Body

Political System of the United Kingdom:

The United Kingdom is a constitutional monarchy where the monarch (currently King Charles III) serves as the ceremonial head of state. Real political power lies with the elected Parliament and the Prime Minister. The UK Parliament is bicameral, consisting of the House of Lords (upper chamber) and the House of Commons (lower chamber). The Commons, where members are directly elected, is the primary legislative authority.

The Prime Minister, who is the leader of the majority party in the House of Commons, is the head of government. The UK's political party system is multi-party but dominated by two major parties: the Conservative Party and the Labour Party. The electoral system is based on the "first-past-the-post" principle, where the candidate with the most votes in each constituency wins, often disadvantaging smaller parties.

Political System of Uzbekistan:

Uzbekistan is a presidential republic where the President serves as both the head of state and head of the executive branch. The President is directly elected by the people and holds significant executive powers. The country's legislative body, the Oliy Majlis (Supreme Assembly), is also bicameral and includes the Legislative Chamber and the Senate.

Uzbekistan's electoral system is mixed, allowing both political party candidates and independent candidates to run for office. There are currently five officially

registered political parties in Uzbekistan: O‘zLiDeP, XDP, the Ecological Party, the Milliy Tiklanish Party, and the Adolat Party. All of them are represented in parliament and participate in the political process. The Central Election Commission oversees election procedures and ensures compliance with the electoral law.

Comparative Analysis:

While the UK enjoys centuries of stable parliamentary democracy and deeply rooted political traditions, Uzbekistan is still undergoing significant political reform aimed at building democratic institutions. The UK’s system promotes political stability and continuity, whereas Uzbekistan’s system is adapting to modern governance and increasing civic participation. Both systems have unique elements that reflect their historical and cultural foundations.

Conclusion

This comparative study illustrates how political systems are shaped by a nation’s history, values, and needs. The United Kingdom's political system is well-established and stable, built on centuries of tradition. In contrast, Uzbekistan, though a young independent nation, is actively developing its democratic institutions through ongoing reforms. Each system offers valuable lessons in governance and political engagement. Understanding both helps foster global political literacy and appreciation for diverse governance models.

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