SYLLABUS-BASED EFL PROGRESS TEST FOR PRIMARY SCHOOL CHILDREN

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Annotation: This article discusses how to design syllabus-based progress tests for primary school EFL learners. It explains the benefits of testing what students have learned in class and offers simple, practical ideas for creating fair and age-appropriate tests.

Annotatsiya: Ushbu maqolada boshlang'ich sinf o'quvchilari uchun o'quv dasturiga asoslangan ingliz tili bilimini baholovchi testni tuzish masalasi yoritilgan. Bunday testlarning foydasi tushuntirilib, oddiy va amaliy tavsiyalar berilgan.

Аннотация: В статье рассматривается создание прогресс-теста на основе учебной программы для младших школьников, изучающих английский язык как иностранный. Объясняется польза таких тестов и приводятся простые, практичные рекомендации по их разработке.

Keywords: syllabus, progress test, primary learners, EFL, assessment, vocabulary, grammar, listening skills.

Kalit so'zlar: o'quv dasturi, rivojlanish testi, boshlang'ich sinf o'quvchilari, chet tili sifatida ingliz tili, baholash, soʻz boyligi, grammatikasi, tinglab tushunish koʻnikmasi.

Ключевые учебная программа, прогресс-тест, слова: младшие школьники, английский как иностранный, оценивание, словарный запас, грамматика, навыки аудирования.

Testing is an important part of teaching and learning. It helps teachers know how well their students are doing and what they need to improve. For primary school learners who are learning English as a foreign language (EFL), it is important to use tests that are simple, clear, and match what they are learning in class. One of the best ways to do this is by using a syllabus-based progress test.

A syllabus-based progress test is a test that is made according to the topics and skills in the syllabus. A syllabus is a plan that shows what students should learn during a course. When teachers use this kind of test, they are checking what students have

learned from the actual lessons. This makes the test fair and helpful for both students and teachers. In this article, we will discuss the meaning and importance of syllabusbased progress tests, how to design them, what parts they should include, and how they help in language learning for primary students. Primary school students are still young and are developing their language, thinking, and learning skills. When they learn English, they need a lot of support, repetition, and practice. A progress test is one way to check if they are improving. But not just any test will work. A syllabus-based test is better because it is directly connected to what they have learned in class.

This kind of test is useful because:

It helps teachers see how much students remember.

It shows which areas students are strong in.

It helps students see their own progress.

It allows teachers to adjust their teaching if needed.

Also, when a test follows the syllabus, it is more fair. Students are tested only on what they were taught, so they don't feel confused or stressed.

A good syllabus-based progress test has some important features:

- 1. Since the learners are young, the instructions and tasks should be written in easy words.
- 2. The test should look neat and not crowded. It should be easy to read and understand.
- 3. The test should include vocabulary and grammar that were already taught in class.
- 4. Children have short attention spans, so the tasks should be short and interesting.
 - 5. Pictures, colors, and matching activities can make the test more engaging. Creating a good test takes time and planning.
- 1. Check the syllabus: Look at the topics and language skills that were taught. This could include grammar points, vocabulary sets, reading texts, writing tasks, and speaking practice.
- 2. Decide what to test: Choose which skills you want to test. For example, you may want to test listening, vocabulary, grammar, reading, and writing.
- 3. Write simple instructions: Make sure students can understand what they are supposed to do. You can use examples or pictures to explain.
- 4. Create tasks: Each task should test a specific skill. For example, a vocabulary task could ask students to match words to pictures. A grammar task could ask them to fill in the blanks.
- 5. Organize the test: Put the tasks in a good order, from easy to harder. Keep the design clean and not too long.

6. Test the test: If possible, try it out with a small group of students and make changes if needed.

Skills to Include in the Test

A syllabus-based progress test for primary students usually includes the following parts:

- 1. Listening: This part checks if students can understand spoken English. The teacher can read a short story or sentences and ask students to choose the correct picture or answer.
- 2. Vocabulary: This part tests words that students have learned. Tasks can include matching words with pictures, choosing the correct word, or filling in blanks.
- 3. Grammar: This checks if students can use basic sentence patterns. Examples include completing sentences with the right form of "to be" or using the correct pronoun.
- 4. Reading: A short reading text is given, followed by simple questions. Texts should use words and grammar that students know.
- 5. Writing: This can be a short task, such as completing a sentence, writing about a picture, or making a few sentences about a topic like "My family."

Advantages of Syllabus-Based Progress Tests

There are many reasons why syllabus-based tests are good for primary school learners:

They reduce stress: Students feel more confident when the test is about what they already learned.

They are fair: No new or unknown topics are included.

They help teaching: Teachers can use the test results to decide what to teach next.

They track progress: Teachers, parents, and students can see how much has been learned.

They support learning: When students see success, they feel happy and want to learn more.

How to Use Test Results

After students take the test, the teacher needs to look at the results carefully. Test results should not just be used to give grades. They should also help in planning the next lessons. For example:

If many students got the same question wrong, maybe the topic needs to be reviewed.

If most students did well, it shows that they understood the topic.

If one student had trouble, the teacher can help them individually.

Syllabus-based progress tests are an important part of teaching English to young learners. They help teachers understand how students are doing, and they give students a chance to show what they know. Because these tests follow the syllabus, they are fair, simple, and effective.

By using easy tasks, simple language, and familiar topics, teachers can create tests that are useful and enjoyable. These tests do not only show scores. They also help teachers plan better lessons and help students grow in confidence. With care and good planning, syllabus-based tests can be a powerful tool for improving both teaching and learning in the primary EFL classroom.

In the end, teaching and testing should work together. A good test is not something to fear. It is a way to learn, to reflect, and to move forward. For young learners, this can be the start of a happy and successful language-learning journey.

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