FACTORS FOR INCREASING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF FOREIGN LANGUAGE TEACHING IN THE CONTEXT OF THE DIGITAL ECONOMY

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Abstract: The article analyzes the impact of modern mobile applications and interactive platforms designed for learning foreign languages on the learner's personal development. Language-learning applications are divided into two main categories — comprehensive and goal-oriented programs. The advantages of popular tools such as Grammarly, Elsa Speak, Rosetta Stone, and Duolingo, as well as the distinctive features of a new program developed for Uzbek speakers — Lingosamdukf, are examined. The study emphasizes the importance of regular practice in language acquisition and explores the potential of audiobooks, films, YouTube, and podcasts in enhancing listening comprehension, understanding, and vocabulary development. Furthermore, the article discusses the role of video communication platforms such as Zoom and Skype, which gained popularity during the pandemic, in improving foreign language speaking skills. The author scientifically highlights the significance of motivation, cognitive activity, and creativity in language learning under digital technology conditions. In conclusion, the study evaluates interactive technologies as essential tools that foster independence, interest, and innovative approaches in the process of foreign language acquisition.

Keywords: Foreign languages, mobile applications, interactive platforms, digital technologies, language learning, motivation, cognitive activity, independent learning, Lingosamdukf

Introduction. In today's era of globalization, the knowledge of foreign languages has become an essential factor in an individual's professional, cultural,

and personal development. The rapid advancement of information and communication technologies has fundamentally transformed the process of learning foreign languages, shifting it from traditional classroom methods to interactive and digital environments. Mobile applications, online courses, multimedia textbooks, podcasts, and social media platforms have become some of the most effective and convenient tools that ensure flexibility, engagement, and personalized approaches for language learners.

In recent years, globally recognized applications such as Duolingo, Rosetta Stone, Elsa Speak, Grammarly, and Lingualeo have gained wide popularity. These platforms not only help expand vocabulary but also enhance pronunciation, grammar, and listening comprehension skills. Meanwhile, the newly developed Lingosamdukf platform, designed specifically for Uzbek users, offers a distinctive advantage: it allows language learning through the mediation of the Uzbek language while preserving national linguistic characteristics. This approach opens new prospects for studying the intermediary role of the native language in the process of foreign language acquisition.

The effectiveness of foreign language learning largely depends on the learner's motivation, cognitive activity, and ability for independent study. Therefore, modern interactive platforms and mobile applications encourage learners to become active participants in the educational process, providing opportunities for self-directed learning and continuous improvement. This article examines the role, advantages, and potential of such technologies in foreign language education, with a particular focus on platforms adapted for Uzbek users

Research Methods. This study employed several scientific methods to determine the effectiveness of modern mobile applications and interactive platforms used in foreign language learning. First, the theoretical analysis method was applied to review previously published scholarly works on the use of digital technologies, online education systems, and mobile applications in foreign language teaching, allowing the development of a general theoretical framework for the research.

The observation (observational) method was used to study the behavior and

performance of students and users engaged in learning foreign languages through interactive platforms. Particular attention was given to their interest in lessons, independent learning skills, and changes in learning outcomes.

The survey (questionnaire) method helped collect and analyze users' opinions regarding the effectiveness of mobile applications, video lessons, audiobooks, and YouTube podcasts. To deepen the analysis, comparison and generalization methods were employed to conduct a comparative study of several popular language-learning applications — Duolingo, Grammarly, Elsa Speak, Rosetta Stone, and Lingosamdukf — focusing on their functional capabilities and their impact on learners.

Additionally, diagnostic analysis elements were used to identify users' motivation levels and the degree of active engagement in the learning process. Finally, the obtained data were systematized, and conclusions were drawn highlighting the advantages of interactive approaches in enhancing the effectiveness of foreign language learning

Literature Review. In recent years, extensive research has been conducted on the use of modern digital technologies, mobile applications, and interactive platforms in the field of foreign language teaching and learning. I. Kharlakina [1] emphasizes in her study that the EdTech (Educational Technology) sector is rapidly evolving, giving rise to new professions within the education system such as digital methodologists, content designers, and online instructors. This transformation has fundamentally changed language-learning methodology by increasing the importance of interactivity, learner-centeredness, and multimedia integration in education. In another study, the author [2] highlights the opportunities for learning English easily and for free through social networks, mobile applications, and online series, thereby illustrating the advantages of self-directed education in a digital environment.

N. K. Ruziyeva [3], in her article "New Innovative Approaches to Teaching Foreign Languages," analyzes innovative methodologies in foreign language education. She substantiates the effectiveness of game-based learning, virtual

environments, and communicative methods, emphasizing that modern technologies are a crucial factor in enhancing learners' motivation. Furthermore, in another work [4], she explores the process of lexical borrowing from French into Uzbek, revealing the role of cross-linguistic and cultural interactions in language learning. This approach confirms the importance of the linguocultural component in mastering foreign languages.

E. N. Solovova [5, 6] investigates the modern challenges of grammar instruction in foreign language teaching and stresses the need to shift from traditional methods to interactive ones. In her book "Methodology of Teaching Foreign Languages," she provides practical methodological recommendations for teachers, identifying the development of communicative competence as the primary goal of language education.

Overall, the analyzed sources demonstrate that in the process of foreign language teaching, innovative technologies, mobile applications, personal motivation, and interactive methods are mutually reinforcing factors that collectively enhance learning effectiveness.

Analysis and Results. Mobile applications designed for learning foreign languages are generally divided into two main categories: comprehensive and targeted programs. Comprehensive applications aim to develop all key aspects of language learning — reading, writing, listening, and speaking — simultaneously [1]. Such programs not only enable learners to study independently but also create opportunities for communication with native speakers of the target language. Their advantage lies in their flexibility: for instance, if a learner grows tired of listening to pre-recorded dialogues, they can read Agatha Christie's famous detective novels in the original language or begin writing short stories in English. These activities not only make productive use of time but also contribute to noticeable language improvement within a relatively short period.

The second type of language-learning application focuses on strengthening specific skills. For example, Grammarly identifies and corrects grammatical mistakes in written texts, while the Wordle game helps expand vocabulary and word

recognition. Elsa Speak and Rosetta Stone are useful for improving pronunciation and reducing accent, whereas IELTS Prep and IELTS Mentor applications are designed to help users prepare effectively for international language proficiency exams [2].

Locally developed platforms are also making language learning more interactive and engaging. Some newly created applications for Uzbek speakers, for instance, allow users to learn English, French, or Russian through the Uzbek language, while international users can use the same platform to study Uzbek. Today, there are hundreds of applications with different designs and methodological approaches, enabling every learner to select a program that best fits their goals and capabilities.

Regular practice remains a decisive factor in effective language acquisition. For example, if a learner memorizes 8–12 new words daily, they can accumulate approximately 3,000–4,000 words within a year. According to research conducted by the editors of the Macmillan Dictionary, knowledge of the 2,000 most frequently used English words is sufficient to understand about 75–80% of everyday conversations. Therefore, even beginners can achieve significant progress through consistent and well-structured short-term lessons.

Although interactive platforms often require more time, they cover all stages of language learning in a comprehensive manner. Using multimedia materials, gamification techniques, and interactive exercises, they help learners simultaneously improve their reading, listening, writing, and speaking skills. Popular platforms such as Lingualeo, Study.ru, Englex, and Duolingo offer integrated approaches ranging from grammar reinforcement to pronunciation improvement. However, as of now, fully localized Uzbek-language versions of these platforms have not yet been developed.

Before starting lessons, most systems conduct a placement test to determine the learner's existing level of proficiency. Based on the results, the system recommends personalized exercises suited to that level, facilitating easier acquisition of new vocabulary and grammatical rules. Some platforms also offer live interaction with professional instructors or native speakers, although these options are typically available through paid subscriptions. Consequently, learners must choose the most suitable option based on their goals, available time, and financial capacity

From this perspective, the new, user-friendly, and learner-oriented application we have developed is designed for everyone interested in learning a foreign language. Unlike traditional grammar-based methods, it applies an approach similar to how a child naturally acquires their mother tongue — through continuous and meaningful communication. This method has proven particularly effective for beginners and intermediate learners, as it enhances comprehension, listening, and speaking skills in an organic way.

For those who are just beginning to learn a foreign language, it is recommended to watch cartoons or short video clips in the original language with subtitles. At the initial stage, using subtitles in one's native language can be helpful; later, switching to subtitles in English helps strengthen listening comprehension. With consistent practice, learners can soon progress to watching content without any subtitles.

Experts advise that, in the early stages of learning, it is more effective not to overload the brain and to focus on short 25–30 minute episodes. Series such as The Office, Brooklyn Nine-Nine, or Modern Family are excellent tools for mastering natural conversational language, everyday expressions, and cultural contexts. Likewise, watching films such as Fantastic Beasts in their original audio allows learners to acquire language skills in an enjoyable, vivid, and effective manner.

According to specialists, audiobooks remain an underappreciated resource in foreign language learning. In reality, they are an extremely effective tool for developing listening comprehension, expanding vocabulary, and familiarizing learners with idiomatic expressions. A wide range of audiobooks for beginner and intermediate learners are freely available online. They can be conveniently downloaded to a phone and listened to while exercising, walking, or traveling. For example, beginners may find platforms such as digitalbook.io or Storynory

particularly useful.

Today, computer games and social media platforms have also become valuable tools in the language-learning process. If reading books or watching series seems too time-consuming, YouTube lessons and podcasts can serve as efficient alternatives. These platforms offer a wide variety of educational materials for different interests and proficiency levels — from crime stories and travel documentaries to film-directing styles and the latest technological trends. Experts particularly recommend channels such as English Speaking Success, Speak English with Misterduncan, BBC Learn English, and Business English Pod for improving vocabulary, pronunciation, and IELTS preparation.

Watching European stand-up performances or following updates from favorite tech bloggers can also boost one's mood while improving listening comprehension. The TikTok platform has likewise become increasingly popular for short, educational videos in English. Most soundtracks used in these clips are derived from famous songs, quotes, or movie scenes, and users often assist one another by explaining meanings in the comments. Many English-speaking content creators also include subtitles in their videos, making the learning process even easier and more engaging.

Language learning has now also become a meaningful and productive activity for gamers. In online games such as CS:GO, Warcraft, or Minecraft, players from different countries communicate and collaborate in real time. This process enhances typing speed, the ability to perceive and comprehend foreign words, and the culture of communication. Moreover, gaming environments create opportunities for making international friends and overcoming language barriers. As a result, gameplay functions not only as a form of recreation but also as an effective educational tool that promotes linguistic and social competence.

In today's rapidly developing digital economy, one of the main challenges facing the higher education system is to prepare modern, competitive specialists with a solid command of foreign languages. However, practical experience shows that students' levels of foreign language proficiency vary significantly. These

differences become especially evident across educational stages — from general secondary education to vocational schools, from undergraduate to master's studies, and from master's to doctoral training.

This variation can be explained by the individual nature of language acquisition. Each student's psychophysiological characteristics — such as memory capacity, attention stability, learning speed, speech culture, vocabulary size, and communicative competence — directly influence their progress. Furthermore, motivation and personal interest in learning a language play a crucial role in this process.

Consequently, foreign language instructors often encounter classes where students have differing proficiency levels: some possess strong command of the language, while others remain at the beginner stage. This situation requires teachers to balance their instruction carefully. If a teacher focuses mainly on weaker students, advanced learners may lose interest and slow down their progress. Conversely, if lessons are designed primarily for stronger students, those with lower proficiency may struggle to comprehend the material, leading to frustration and declining motivation.

As a result, the overall effectiveness of the learning process decreases, negatively affecting the quality of education. The lack of a balanced approach in developing essential language skills — speaking, listening, writing, and reading — further deepens this issue. Therefore, the application of individualized and differentiated teaching methods in foreign language instruction has become one of the most urgent requirements of contemporary educational practice

Conclusion. The findings of the conducted research demonstrate that modern information and communication technologies, along with mobile applications, play an indispensable role in the process of learning foreign languages. Through interactive platforms, mobile software, audiobooks, and online resources, learners are able to simultaneously develop their reading, writing, listening, and speaking skills. The results indicate that regular practice and personal motivation are among the most critical factors in enhancing the effectiveness of foreign

language acquisition.

In particular, the advantages of the Lingosamdukf platform, developed for Uzbek users, lie in its ability to facilitate the learning of English, French, and Russian through the intermediary use of the Uzbek language. This approach enables integration into the global communicative space while preserving national linguistic and cultural identity. Interactive technologies transform learners into active participants in the educational process, fostering independent learning, analytical thinking, and creative engagement.

Overall, the rational use of digital learning tools significantly simplifies the process of foreign language acquisition, improves learners' communicative competence, and contributes to the preparation of competitive specialists for the modern labor market. Therefore, the broad implementation of interactive educational technologies, their adaptation to the national educational system, and their continuous modernization represent some of the most pressing priorities in contemporary education.

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