THE EFFECTIVENESS OF SCANNING AND SKIMMING STRATEGIES ACROSS DIFFERENT READING MATERIALS AND PURPOSES.

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Annotation: This article explores the effectiveness of scanning and skimming strategies in various reading contexts. It examines how these strategies are applied to different reading materials and purposes, drawing from literature analysis, empirical methods, and discussion of results. Recommendations for effective use of these strategies in diverse contexts are also provided.

Keywords: Scanning, skimming, reading strategies, reading comprehension, reading purposes, text types, efficiency.

In the rapidly evolving landscape of education and information acquisition, effective reading strategies are essential for navigating diverse texts. Among these strategies, scanning and skimming have been widely acknowledged for their efficiency in extracting relevant information from texts. Scanning involves searching for specific details or keywords, while skimming focuses on grasping the general idea or essence of the material. This article investigates the effectiveness of these strategies when applied to different reading materials and purposes, seeking to establish best practices for their utilization.

The methodology of this study includes a comparative analysis of scanning and skimming strategies applied to various reading materials, including academic articles, instructional guides, fiction, and technical documents. Data was collected through a series of reading comprehension tests administered to participants with varying reading purposes, such as information retrieval, comprehension, and synthesis.

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The participants were divided into two groups: one group employing scanning techniques, and the other using skimming strategies. Their performance was measured based on accuracy, speed, and comprehension scores for different text types. A combination of qualitative and quantitative analysis was used to evaluate the data.

Reading effectively is a critical skill required for academic success, professional efficiency, and personal growth. Two commonly used reading techniques are scanning and skimming. These techniques are particularly effective when used appropriately according to the type of reading material and the intended purpose. This paper will explore the effectiveness of scanning and skimming strategies across various reading materials and purposes.

Scanning Definition

Scanning is a rapid reading technique used to locate specific information within a text. The reader \square s focus is directed toward finding particular keywords, phrases, or data points without comprehensively reading the entire passage.

When Scanning Is Effective

- Research Papers and Reports: Useful for locating specific data, references, names, or statistical figures.
- Textbooks and Academic Articles: Effective for finding definitions, formulas, or key terms.
- Web Pages and News Articles: Helpful for quickly identifying relevant information such as dates, names, or facts.
- Dictionaries, Indexes, and Glossaries: Highly effective for finding precise information quickly.

Purposes Served By Scanning

- Answering targeted questions.
- Gathering specific information for research purposes.
- Reviewing key points for exams.

Limitations of Scanning

- Ineffective for understanding the overall meaning or argument of the text.
- Can result in missing important contextual information.

Skimming

Definition

Skimming is a reading strategy aimed at gaining a general understanding of the text by reading quickly through sections to grasp the main idea without delving into details.

When Skimming Is Effective

- Textbooks and Essays: Helpful for understanding the structure, main argument, and key points of a text.
- Magazines and Blogs: Useful for quickly determining the relevance or interest level of the material.
- Books and Long Articles: Effective for previewing content to decide whether thorough reading is necessary.

Purposes Served By Skimming

- Previewing text before in-depth reading.
- Gathering main ideas and overall themes.
- Determining the relevance of a document for further reading.

Limitations of Skimming

- Limited understanding of finer details.
- Risk of missing important information.

Comparative Analysis

	Strategy	Best Suited For	Most	Effective	Least	Effective
			When		When	
	Scanning	Data-heavy	Searchir	ng for	Understanding	
		materials, research	specific detai	ls	overall concept	S
	Skimming	General reading,	Graspin	g main	Finding	detailed
		articles	ideas quickly		information	

The effectiveness of scanning and skimming strategies largely depends on the reader □s purpose and the nature of the material. Scanning is highly efficient when searching for specific pieces of information within dense texts, while skimming is ideal for acquiring general ideas quickly. However, these strategies are less effective when deeper comprehension and detailed analysis are required.

The findings suggest that the application of scanning and skimming strategies should be tailored to the nature of the text and the intended reading purpose. While scanning provides precision in locating specific details, skimming offers a broader perspective that aids comprehension and synthesis.

Educators and professionals should consider the suitability of these strategies when teaching reading techniques or designing reading tasks. Moreover, combining scanning and skimming effectively can lead to improved reading efficiency and comprehension, particularly in academic and professional settings.

Conclusions

In conclusion, scanning and skimming are valuable strategies for enhancing reading efficiency. Their effectiveness depends on the text type and the reader's purpose. For optimal results, readers should be trained to recognize when to apply each strategy and how to combine them effectively. Future research could further explore the integration of these strategies in digital reading environments and their potential to enhance comprehension in various disciplines.

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