

## ENGLISH TEACHING IN THE ERA OF TECHNOLOGY

**Gapparov A. J.**

**Gapparov Abdujalil Jabbarovich** – senior teacher,  
*The department of “Foreign languages Through faculties”*  
*Philology faculty, Gulistan State University*  
*Gulistan, Republic of Uzbekistan*

**Abstract:** *The integration of technology into English language teaching has significantly transformed traditional pedagogical approaches, offering innovative tools that enhance both instruction and learning. Digital platforms, artificial intelligence, and interactive resources provide educators with diverse strategies to cater to different learning styles, improving engagement and retention. While technology offers numerous advantages, such as accessibility, flexibility, and personalized learning, it also presents challenges, including digital literacy, technological dependence, and the digital divide. This article examines the impact of technology on English teaching, highlighting its benefits, challenges, and future prospects in fostering language acquisition.*

**Keywords:** *English teaching, technology, digital learning, artificial intelligence, language acquisition, pedagogical strategies*

The evolution of technology has had a profound impact on the field of English language teaching, reshaping how educators and learners interact with language instruction. In the past, traditional methods relied heavily on textbooks, classroom interactions, and face-to-face instruction. However, the digital revolution has introduced a wide array of tools and platforms that have transformed teaching methodologies, making learning more engaging, interactive, and accessible to a global audience [1]. One of the most significant contributions of technology to English teaching is the availability of online learning resources. Platforms such as language learning applications, virtual classrooms, and digital libraries provide

students with access to authentic materials, enabling them to practice language skills in real-life contexts. These resources facilitate autonomous learning, allowing students to develop their proficiency at their own pace, irrespective of geographical constraints [2].

Artificial intelligence (AI) has further revolutionized English teaching by offering personalized learning experiences. AI-driven applications analyze learners' strengths and weaknesses, adapting content to meet individual needs. Automated feedback mechanisms, such as speech recognition and grammar correction tools, provide immediate responses, helping students refine their skills efficiently. Additionally, AI-powered chatbots and virtual tutors simulate real-life conversations, enhancing speaking and listening competencies in a low-pressure environment [3].

Another critical aspect of technology-driven language learning is the use of multimedia and gamification. Interactive videos, podcasts, and digital storytelling engage learners in dynamic ways, fostering motivation and comprehension. Gamified learning platforms introduce elements of competition and rewards, making language acquisition more enjoyable and effective. These innovations cater to diverse learning preferences, ensuring that students remain motivated and actively participate in their education [4]. The role of virtual and augmented reality (VR/AR) in English teaching has also gained prominence. These immersive technologies create realistic scenarios where learners can practice communication skills in authentic environments. For example, VR simulations allow students to navigate English-speaking contexts, such as ordering food in a restaurant or attending a job interview, reinforcing practical language application [5].

Despite its numerous benefits, technology integration in English teaching presents several challenges. One major concern is the digital divide, as not all students have equal access to technological resources. Socioeconomic disparities may limit learners' ability to engage with digital tools, leading to unequal learning opportunities. Additionally, reliance on technology can sometimes reduce direct human interaction, which is essential for language development. Educators must

strike a balance between technological tools and traditional teaching methods to maintain effective communication and language practice [6]. Moreover, digital literacy is a crucial factor in successful technology adoption. Both teachers and students need adequate training to navigate digital platforms efficiently. Without proper guidance, the benefits of technology may be underutilized, leading to frustration and reduced learning outcomes. Furthermore, data privacy and security concerns must be addressed to protect students' personal information in online learning environments [7].

Looking ahead, the future of English teaching in the era of technology is promising. Advancements in artificial intelligence, adaptive learning, and virtual reality will continue to enhance language instruction, making it more personalized and engaging. Collaborative online learning communities will further promote cross-cultural exchanges, allowing learners to interact with peers worldwide and gain exposure to different linguistic and cultural perspectives [8].

In conclusion, technology has revolutionized English language teaching, providing innovative solutions that enhance learning experiences. While challenges exist, strategic integration of digital tools, combined with effective pedagogical approaches, can maximize the benefits of technology in language education. As technology continues to evolve, educators must remain adaptable, leveraging digital advancements to create dynamic and inclusive learning environments that cater to the diverse needs of English learners worldwide.

#### **References:**

1. Richards, J. C., & Rodgers, T. S. (2014). *Approaches and Methods in Language Teaching* (3rd ed.). Cambridge University Press.
2. Janikulovna, D. S., Jabbarovich, G. A., Abdumuratovich, K. S., & Bakhridinovich, J. I. (2021). THE IMPORTANCE OF INTERCULTURAL INTERACTION IN THE STUDY OF A FOREIGN LANGUAGE. Проблемы педагогики, (5 (56)), 36-38.

3. ГАППАРОВ, А. Ж., & ФОЗИЛОВ, М. М. (2013). ПРАВИЛЬНОЕ ПРОИЗНОШЕНИЕ И КАК ДОСТИЧЬ ЕГО. In Будущее науки-2013 (pp. 201-204).
4. Zhabborovich, Gapparov Abdusalil. "AN INTEGRATED MODEL OF TEACHING COMPUTER SCIENCE AND THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE IN THE INFORMATION EDUCATIONAL ENVIRONMENT OF SCHOOLS." European Journal of Research and Reflection in Educational Sciences Vol 8.3 (2020).
5. Jabbarovich , G. A. . «HOW TECHNOLOGY IS SHAPING MODERN LANGUAGE EDUCATION». Новости образования: исследование в XXI веке, т. 2, вып. 21, май 2024 г., сс. 438-40, <https://nauchniyimpuls.ru/index.php/noiv/article/view/15877>.
6. Jabbarovich , G. A. . «THE INTEGRAL ROLE OF TECHNOLOGY IN MODERN EDUCATION». Новости образования: исследование в XXI веке, т. 2, вып. 21, май 2024 г., сс. 461-3, <https://nauchniyimpuls.ru/index.php/noiv/article/view/15884>.
7. Sh, Kuziev. "The ways of developing discourse competence in non-linguistic faculties." The academy of Ma'mun in Kharezmi 5 (2020).
8. Kuziev, S. H., and S. Rahmonova. "Distance learning and technology-the future of national education." Foreign languages in Uzbekistan 1 (2018): 20.
9. Kuziev, Shavkat, and Mukhlisa Kuzieva. "SOCIAL NETWORKS IN TEACHING AND LEARNING ENGLISH." Talqin va tadqiqotlar 1.9 (2023).
10. Кузиев, Шавкат Абдумуратович. "ТАЪЛИМ ТИЗИМИДА ЗАМОНАВИЙ ВОСИТАЛАРДАН ФОЙДАЛАНИШ ИМКОНИЯТЛАРИ." Scientific Impulse 1.5 (2022): 1641-1643.
11. Abdumuratovich, Kuziev Shavkat. "MODERN METHODS AND TIPS OF LEARNING ENGLISH." JOURNAL OF INNOVATIONS IN SCIENTIFIC AND EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH 6.3 (2023): 58-60.

12. Abdumuratovich, Kuziev Shavkat. "The role of multimedia technology in teaching the English language." *Достижения науки и образования* 2.7 (29) (2018): 57-60.
13. Otabek, Tilavoldiev, and Kuziev Shavkat. "The methodology of grammar teaching." *Academy* 5 (44) (2019): 79-80.
14. Abdumuratovich, Kuziev Shavkat. "Progress in language teaching via picture stories." *Вопросы науки и образования* 2 (14) (2018): 60-62.
15. Кузиев, Шавкат Абдумуратович. "Актуальное членение как особая характеристика синтаксического уровня." *Молодой ученый* 1 (2017): 528-530.
16. Kuziev, Shavkat Abdumuratovich. "THE ROLE OF AUDIENCE AND CONTEXT IN THE SPEECH." *Наука и образование: сохраняя прошлое, создаём будущее*. 2017.
17. Abdumuratovich, Kuziev Shavkat. "HEI POLICIES ON AI USE." *INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH CONFERENCE*. Vol. 2. No. 19. 2023.
18. Abdumuratovich, Kuziyev Shavkat. "AI IN LANGUAGE LEARNING PROCESS." *International Scientific and Current Research Conferences*. 2023.
19. Abdumuratovich, Kuziev Shavkat. "TEACHING WRITING THROUGH THE USE OF ChatGPT." *PEDAGOG* 7.4 (2024): 61-63.
20. Kuziev, Shavkat. "POLICY FRAMEWORKS IN DEVELOPED COUNTRIES FOR AI INTEGRATION: A COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS." *Ilm-fan va ta'lim* 5 (20) (2024).
21. Abdumuratovich, Kuziev Shavkat. "COMPARISON OF AI POLICY." *SO 'NGI ILMIY TADQIQOTLAR NAZARIYASI* 7.4 (2024): 204-206.